Subject Code	ENGL4018
Subject Title	Language and Gender
Credit Value	3
Level	4
Pre-requisite / Co-requisite/ Exclusion	None
Objectives	This subject aims to introduce to the students a range of current issues in the academic field of language and gender studies, and help them make use of the intellectual resources made available in the academic field to critically reflect on their own experiences in language learning, language use and other communicative interactions.
Intended	Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to:
Learning Outcomes	Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills
Outcomes	<ul><li>a. have acquired a broad understanding of the current key issues in the field of language and gender studies;</li><li>b. evaluate the value and attitude orientations that underlie the major perspectives to researching on these key issues;</li></ul>
	Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness
	<ul> <li>c. explore ways to connect these key issues to aspects of their own experience as language learners and users;</li> <li>d. critique a situated aspect of language use in their own everyday experience in Hong Kong from one or a combination of current perspectives in language and gender research studies.</li> </ul>
Subject	1. Perspectives to language and gender
Synopsis/	1.1. sociolinguistic difference
Indicative Syllabus	<ul><li>1.2. sociocultural dominance</li><li>1.3. social constructionist: transcending difference versus dominance</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>2. (Fe)Male talk as organized / organizing interaction</li> <li>2.1. access to meaning-making in speech</li> <li>2.2. participation in personal and institutional speech networks</li> <li>2.3. framing speech activities: gossip / discussion, bickering / arguing, humour / giggle</li> <li>2.4. speech behaviour: interruption, turn-taking, hedge, silence</li> </ul>
	<ol> <li>Speech acts as (fe)male moves</li> <li>3.1. acts as embedded in practice: locutionary,</li> </ol>

	<ul> <li>illocutionary,perlocutionary</li> <li>1.2. negative / positive politeness for accomplishing autonomy /bonding</li> <li>3.3. functions of talk: interpersonal / affective, referential / instrumental</li> <li>1.3. compliment: connecting and building solidarity, evaluating and ranking</li> <li>4.Language learning as arenas for sociolinguistic intervention 4.1. (fe)male speech models as socially constructed ideals 4.2. using and resisting speech models: the ideal, the common, the popular</li> </ul>					
Teaching/ Learning Methodology	The subject will start with a small number of teacher-led seminars, during which the students are expected to actively respond to the teacher input as a way to identify issues for further exploration. After the above preparatory stage, students will give group presentations to explore language and gender issues that are relevant to their own language experience or academic interest, inviting other students and the instructor to respond to the way they shape the issues they are exploring. Review of assessment tasks will also be done in seminar towards the end of the semester.					
Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Learning	Specific assessment methods/tasks	% weighting	Intended subject learning outcomes to be assessed (Please tick as appropriate)			
Outcomes			а	b	c	d
	1. Group presentation	30%	~	~	$\checkmark$	~
	2. Individual paper	50%	~	✓	~	~
	3. Mid-term test	20%	~	✓	✓	~
	Total	100 %				
	Underlying these assess method, which engages th up on the academic mate their own connections b language experience in so The small-group presenta seminar participation, allo is discussed in various 1	e learner throu erials introductor between these ocial life. ation and writ	ghout the ed in cla academi e-up, tog reflect o	e semest ss and c mate gether w n the m	ter in fol in const rials an vith the anner "g	llowing tructing d their graded gender"

	paper seeks to evaluate students' consolidated understanding of the course through their critical examination of current issues from the perspective of language and gender. The two reflective reports aim at eliciting students' critical and analytical response to gender-related issues based on the foundational gender theories/discourses covered in the first half of the course.				
Student Study Effort	Class contact:				
Enort Expected	<ul> <li>Lectures</li> </ul>	39 Hrs.			
	<ul> <li>Seminars</li> </ul>	0 Hrs.			
	Other student study effort:				
	<ul> <li>Private study</li> </ul>	58 Hrs.			
	<ul> <li>Take-home assignments</li> </ul>	29 Hrs.			
	Total student study effort	126 Hrs.			
Reading List and References	Reading List				
	Focus Reading:				
	<ol> <li>Eckert, Penelope, and Sally McConnell-Ginet. Language and Gender. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2003.</li> </ol>				
	<ul> <li>2. Essed, Philomena, David Theo Goldberg and Audrey Kobayashi (eds). A Companion to Gender Studies. Blackwell Publishing, 2004. Blackwell Reference Online. 29 December 2011 <http: subscri<br="" www.blackwellreference.com.ezproxy.lb.polyu.edu.hk="">ber/uid=262/book?id=g9780631221098_9780631221098&gt;</http:></li> <li>3. Holmes, Janet and Miriam Meyerhoff (eds). The Handbook of Language and Gender. Blackwell Publishing, 2004. Blackwell Reference Online. 29 December 2011 <u>http://www.blackwellreference.com.ezproxy.lb.polyu.edu.hk/subscrib er/uid=262/book?id=g9780631225034_9780631225034</u></li> </ul>				
	Selected Bibliography:				
	<ol> <li>Cameron, D. (2003). Language and Sexuality. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.</li> <li>Coates, J. (2003). Men Talk: Stories in the Making of Masculinities.</li> </ol>				
	<ul> <li>Oxford: Macmillan.</li> <li>3. Eckert, P., &amp; McConnell-Ginet. S. (2003). Language Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.</li> <li>4. Holmes, J., &amp; Meyerhoff, M. (2003). The Handbook of Gender. Malden, MA: Blackwell.</li> </ul>				

5. Koller, V. (2004). <i>Metaphor and Gender in Business Discourse: A</i> <i>Critical Cognitive Study.</i> Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
6. Lakoff, R.T. (2004). <i>Language and Woman's Place: Text and Commentaries</i> . (Revised & expanded edition). Oxford: Oxford University
<ul><li>Press.</li><li>7. Mills, S. (2003). <i>Gender and Politeness</i>. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.</li></ul>
<ol> <li>Norton, B., &amp; Pavlenico, A. (Eds.), (2004). <i>Gender and English Language Learners</i>. Alexandria, VA: TESOL.</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Okamoto, S., &amp; Shibamoto Smith, J.S. (2004). Japanese Language, Gender, and Ideology": Cultural Models and Real People. Oxford: Oxford University Press.</li> </ol>
10. Sunderland, J. (2004). <i>Gendered Discourses</i> . Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan.
11. Tanaka, L. (2004). <i>Gender, Language and Culture: A Study of Japanese Television Interview Discourse</i> . Amsterdam: John Benjamins.
12. Tannen, D. (2001). "She said" "he said": Gender patterns in family talk. In <i>I Only Say This Because I Love You: How The Way We Talk Can Make</i> <i>Or Break Family Relationships Throughout Our Lives</i> . New York: Random House.
<b>Useful Journals</b> Discourse and Society International Journal of the Sociology of Language Journal of Sociolinguistics Language in Society Women and Language

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